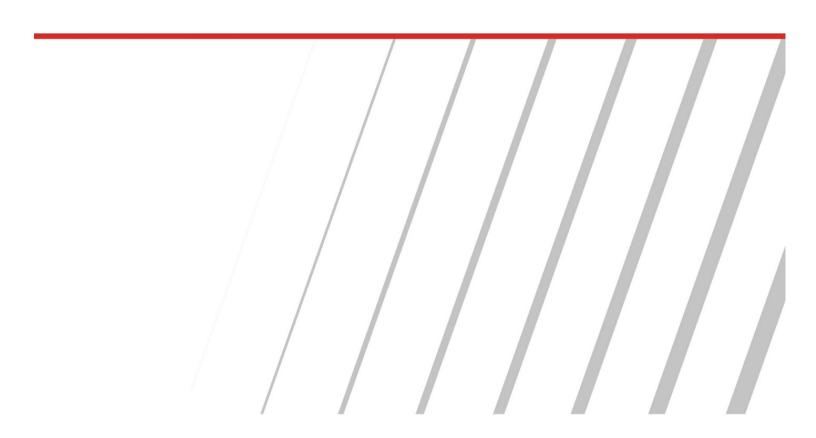
# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Harris County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

July 31, 2023



### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 July 31, 2023

### Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1

Management's Discussion and Analysis	Management's Discussion and Analysis	
--------------------------------------	--------------------------------------	--

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	9
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance1	1
Notes to Financial Statements	2

#### Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	25
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	26

#### Supplementary Information

Other Schedules Included Within This Report	27
Schedule of Services and Rates	28
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	. 29
Schedule of Temporary Investments	. 30
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	31
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund - Five Years	33
Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	. 34



2700 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 1500 / Houston, TX 77056 P 713.499.4600 / F 713.499.4699 forvis.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Harris County, Texas

#### Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 (the District), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of the District, as of July 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Page 3

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas February 14, 2024

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

	Summary	of N	let P	<u>osition</u>
--	---------	------	-------	----------------

	 2023		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,283,639	\$	2,498,534
Capital assets	 4,274,945		4,452,610
Total assets	\$ 6,558,584	\$	6,951,144
Other liabilities	\$ 335,361	\$	357,722
Net position:			
Investment in capital assets	4,274,945		4,452,610
Unrestricted	 1,948,278		2,140,812
Total net position	\$ 6,223,223	\$	6,593,422

The total net position of the District decreased by \$370,199, or about 6%. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to service operation expenditures exceeding property taxes, City of Houston (the City) rebates and charges for service revenues.

#### Summary of Changes in Net Position

	 2023	2022
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 577,948	\$ 589,218
City of Houston rebates	225,712	219,069
Charges for services	1,244,669	1,105,884
Other revenues	 108,791	 35,723
Total revenues	 2,157,120	 1,949,894
Expenses:		
Services	2,322,222	1,590,091
Depreciation	 205,097	 310,130
Total expenses	 2,527,319	 1,900,221
Change in net position	(370,199)	49,673
Net position, beginning of year	 6,593,422	 6,543,749
Net position, end of year	\$ 6,223,223	\$ 6,593,422

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Fund

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$157,195, primarily due to service operations expenditures exceeding property taxes, the City rebates and service revenues and the capital contribution refund.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property taxes and bulk water sales revenues, investment income, and purchased services, regional water fee and repairs and maintenance expenditures being greater than anticipated, as well as capital outlay expenditures being less than anticipated. The fund balance as of July 31, 2023, was expected to be \$1,733,788 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$1,699,427.

#### **Capital Assets and Related Debt**

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized as follows:

#### Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2023	2022		
Land and improvements	\$	2,830,439	\$	2,830,439	
Construction in progress		14,988		23,838	
Water facilities		195,498		225,634	
Wastewater facilities		375,913		402,679	
Parks		858,107		970,020	
Total capital assets	\$	4,274,945	\$	4,452,610	
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows	5:				
Well pressure controls and auto-dialer at the water plant			\$	10,657	
Pyramid cantilever fabric shades				16,775	
Total additions to capital assets			\$	27,432	

#### <u>Debt</u>

At July 31, 2023, the District had \$5,585,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

#### **Copperfield Water Consortium Water Trunkline Agreement**

The District entered into a Water Trunkline Financing Agreement (the Agreement) with the Copperfield Water Consortium (the Consortium) to negotiate with the City regarding ground surface water conversion. The Agreement calls for Harris County Municipal Utility District Nos. 162, 163, 186, 188 and 208 (the Participants) to pay a pro rata share of costs for projects related to obtaining a source of water from the City. The Agreement required the District to make a capital contribution to the Consortium of \$695,383 and the District will receive repayment through credits for District pumpage fees and water payments as they become due each year. In addition, any amount owed to the District that remains after the credits will be paid to the District. These repayments accrue interest at 4.547% per year and will be repaid with principal and interest from 2004 through 2029.

#### **Other Relevant Factors**

#### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City, the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent, except as set forth below.

#### Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective February 27, 2007, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement with the City, which annexed certain portions of the District into the City for "limited purposes," as described therein. Under the terms of the Strategic Partnership Agreement, the City has agreed it will not annex the District as a whole for full purposes for 30 years, at which time the City has the option to annex the District if it chooses to do so.

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet July 31, 2023

	General Fund			Statement of Net Position		
Assets						
Cash	\$ 81,722	\$	-	\$	81,722	
Certificates of deposit	408,019		-		408,019	
Short-term investments	1,384,733		-		1,384,733	
Receivables:						
Property taxes	16,878		-		16,878	
Service accounts	113,635		-		113,635	
Tax rebates	44,175		8,643		52,818	
Accrued interest	2,504		-		2,504	
Due from the Consortium	-		223,330		223,330	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):						
Land and improvements	-		2,830,439		2,830,439	
Construction in progress	-		14,988		14,988	
Infrastructure	 		1,429,518		1,429,518	
Total assets	\$ 2,051,666	\$	4,506,918	\$	6,558,584	

### Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet (Continued) July 31, 2023

	General Fund	Adju	stments	tatement of Net Position
Liabilities				
Accounts payable Customer deposits	\$ 87,586 247,775	\$	-	\$ 87,586 247,775
Total liabilities	 335,361		0	 335,361
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred property tax revenues	 16,878		(16,878)	 0
Fund Balance/Net Position				
Unassigned fund balance	 1,699,427	(	1,699,427)	 0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 2,051,666			
Net position: Investment in capital assets Unrestricted			4,274,945 1,948,278	4,274,945 1,948,278
Total net position		\$	6,223,223	\$ 6,223,223

#### Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended July 31, 2023

	General			ustments	Statement of s Activities			
Revenues		Fund	Auj	ustinents	-	ACTIVITIES		
Property taxes	\$	573,719	\$	4,229	\$	577,948		
City of Houston rebates	Ŷ	229,569	Ψ	(3,857)	Ψ	225,712		
Water service		276,017		-		276,017		
Sewer service		355,054		-		355,054		
Regional water fee		484,836		-		484,836		
Bulk water sales		128,762		-		128,762		
Penalty and interest		28,576		-		28,576		
Investment income		69,174		11,041		80,215		
Total revenues		2,145,707		11,413		2,157,120		
Expenditures/Expenses								
Service operations:								
Purchased services		957,716		-		957,716		
Regional water fee		237,273		-		237,273		
Professional fees		85,513		-		85,513		
Contracted services		117,845		-		117,845		
Utilities		42,986		-		42,986		
Repairs and maintenance		781,686		19,651		801,337		
Other expenditures		78,302		-		78,302		
Tap connections		1,250		-		1,250		
Capital outlay		47,083		(47,083)		-		
Depreciation				205,097		205,097		
Total expenditures/expenses		2,349,654		177,665		2,527,319		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(203,947)		(166,252)				
Other Financing Sources								
Capital contribution refund		46,752		(46,752)				
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(157,195)		157,195				
Change in Net Position				(370,199)		(370,199)		
Fund Balance/Net Position								
Beginning of year		1,856,622		-		6,593,422		
End of year	\$	1,699,427	\$	0	\$	6,223,223		

#### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Rights Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 6, 1979, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The Board of Directors (the Board) held its first meeting on March 21, 1979, and the first bonds were sold April 28, 1982. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental fund. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental fund:

*General Fund* – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

#### Fund Balance – Governmental Fund

The fund balance for the District's governmental fund can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable - Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted* – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

*Committed* – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

*Assigned* – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

*Unassigned* – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recognized as expenditures are recognized as expenditures are recognized as expenditures are recognized as available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### **Pension Costs**

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

#### **Property Taxes**

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended July 31, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Park facilities	10-45

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net Position/Fund Balance

Fund balance and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balance in the governmental fund balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the fund financial statements.	\$	4,274,945		
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.		16,878		
Tax rebates are not receivable in the current period and are not reported in the fund financial statements.		8,643		
Amount due from Copperfield Water Consortium (the Consortium) is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the fund financial		222 220		
statements.		223,330		
Adjustment to fund balance to arrive at net position.	\$	4,523,796		
Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balance in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance because:				

Change in fund balance.	\$ (157,195)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation	
expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs exceeded capital outlay expenditures in the current year.	(177,665)
	(177,005)
Capital contribution refund is an other financing source in the governmental fund financial statements, but is a reduction of due from the Consortium and	
increase to investment income in the government-wide financial statements.	(35,711)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the fund financial statements, but are reported as revenues	
in the statement of activities.	 372
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (370,199)

#### Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At July 31, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool.

At July 31, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities in Years					
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than 1	1-5		6-10	More Than 10
TexPool	\$ 1,384,733	\$ 1,384,733	\$	0 \$	0	\$ 0

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At July 31, 2023, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

#### Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at July 31, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 489,741
Investments	 1,384,733
Total	\$ 1,874,474
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash	\$ 81,722
Certificates of deposit	408,019
Short-term investments	 1,384,733
Total	\$ 1,874,474

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$80,215 for the year ended July 31, 2023, consisted of interest income from investments and the capital contribution with the Consortium.

#### Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended July 31, 2023, is presented as follows.

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	A	dditions	 eclassifi- cations	I	Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:						
Land and improvements	\$ 2,830,439	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,830,439
Construction in progress	 23,838		-	 (8,850)		14,988
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	 2,854,277		0	 (8,850)		2,845,427
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Water production and	1,719,842		10,657	-		1,730,499
distribution facilities						
Wastewater collection and	2,557,594		-	-		2,557,594
treatment facilities	2 010 505		1 4 55 5	0.050		0.045.100
Parks	 3,019,507		16,775	 8,850		3,045,132
Total capital assets, depreciable	7,296,943		27,432	 8,850		7,333,225
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Water production and	(1,494,208)		(40,793)	-		(1,535,001)
distribution facilities						
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	(2,154,915)		(26,766)	-		(2,181,681)
Parks	 (2,049,487)		(137,538)	 -		(2,187,025)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (5,698,610)		(205,097)	 0		(5,903,707)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 4,452,610	\$	(177,665)	\$ 0	\$	4,274,945

#### Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Bonds voted	\$ 11,000,000
Bonds sold	5,415,000
Refunding bonds voted	6,500,000
Refunding bond authorization used	6,155,000

#### Note 5: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held January 17, 1981, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.75 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended July 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.238720 per

\$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$595,682 on the taxable valuation of \$249,532,678 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

#### Note 6: Copperfield Water Consortium Water Trunkline Agreement

The District entered into a Water Trunkline Financing Agreement (the Agreement) with the Consortium to negotiate with the City of Houston (the City) regarding ground surface water conversion. The Agreement calls for Harris County Municipal Utility District Nos. 162, 163, 186, 188 and 208 (the Participants) to pay a pro rata share of costs for projects related to obtaining a source of water from the City.

The Agreement required the District to make a capital contribution to the Consortium of \$695,383 and the District will receive repayment through credits for District pumpage fees and water payments as they become due each year. In addition, any amount owed to the District that remains after the credits will be paid to the District. These repayments accrue interest at 4.547% per year and will be repaid with principal and interest from 2004 through 2029. At July 31, 2023, the repayments outstanding are as follows:

Year	Due From Consortium
2024	\$ 46,752
2025	46,752
2026	46,752
2027	46,752
2028	46,752
2029	18,499
	252,259
Less interest	(28,929)
Remaining principal	\$ 223,330

#### Note 7: Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective February 27, 2007, the District and the City entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the SPA) under which the City annexed a tract of land (the tract) within the boundaries of the District for limited purposes. The District continues to exercise all powers and functions of a municipal utility district as provided by law. As consideration for the District providing services as detailed in the SPA, the City agrees to remit one-half of all City sales and use tax revenues generated within the boundaries of the tract. As consideration for the sales tax payments by the City, the

District agrees to continue to provide and develop water, sewer and drainage services within the District in lieu of full-purpose annexation. The City agrees it will not annex the District for full purposes or commence any action to annex the District during the term of the SPA, which is 30 years. During the current year, the District recorded \$225,712 in revenues related to the SPA.

#### Note 8: Contracts With Other Districts

#### Regional Wastewater Treatment Contract

On November 1, 1979, and amended on July 1, 1985, and November 1, 1989, the District entered into a Regional Wastewater Treatment Agreement (the RWT Agreement) with the Participants for the construction and operation of a regional wastewater treatment facility for a period of 40 years. On November 1, 2019, the RWT Agreement was amended to extend the original term for an additional 20 years, so that the RWT Agreement shall be in effect until November 1, 2039. Under the terms of the RWT Agreement, each district owns an individual interest in Copperfield Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant (the Plant), and an Advisory Committee (the Committee) is empowered to operate the Plant for the benefit of the Participants. Each district records its pro rata share of construction costs in their respective financial statements. The Committee is composed of members of the Board of Directors of the Participants.

#### Capacity Ownership

At July 31, 2023, the capacity of the Plant was 4,600,000 gallons per day (gpd). The District owns 750,000 gpd of such capacity.

Participants	GPD Capacity	Percent
The District	\$ 750,000	16.30 %
District No. 162	460,000	10.00
District No. 163	663,000	14.42
District No. 186	1,005,000	21.85
District No. 188	1,300,000	28.26
District No. 208	422,000	9.17
Total	\$ 4,600,000	100.00 %

Following is a representation of each Participant's capacity and percent of ownership after the completion of the Phase 4 expansion:

#### Operations

All operating costs are shared by the Participants based on equivalent connections. During the current year, the District incurred costs of \$332,568 under the terms of the agreement.

The condensed audited financial information extracted from financial statements audited by another public accounting firm for the general fund of the Plant as of and for the year ended February 28, 2023, is presented as follows:

	Plant	
Total assets	\$	938,558
Total liabilities	\$	125,042
Total fund balance		813,516
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	938,558
Total revenues	\$	1,897,284 1,850,245
Total expenditures		1,830,243
Net change in fund balance	\$	47,039

#### **Emergency Water Supply Contracts**

The District has emergency water supply contracts with various other districts to either provide or receive water service to or from the other districts in case of an emergency through an interconnect constructed by the districts. During the current year, the District provided water through interconnect to Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 130 and received \$128,762, in accordance with the contract.

#### Note 9: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the West Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority), which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of July 31, 2023, the Authority was billing the District \$3.95 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells. In addition, the District is receiving surface water from the Authority at a rate of \$4.35 per 1,000 gallons. These amounts are subject to future increases. During the current year, the District paid \$237,273 in pumpage fees and incurred \$625,148 in costs for surface water.

#### Note 10: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended July 31, 2023

		Original		A . / I	Fa	ariance avorable
		Budget		Actual	(Un	favorable)
Revenues	۴		۴	552 510	¢	52 510
Property taxes	\$	500,000	\$	573,719	\$	73,719
City of Houston rebates		216,000		229,569		13,569
Water service		265,000		276,017		11,017
Sewer service		350,000		355,054		5,054
Regional water fee		522,000		484,836		(37,164)
Bulk water sales		1,000		128,762		127,762
Penalty and interest		7,500		28,576		21,076
Tap connection and inspection fees		1,000		-		(1,000)
Investment income		20,000		69,174		49,174
Total revenues		1,882,500		2,145,707		263,207
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		867,248		957,716		(90,468)
Regional water fee		58,000		237,273		(179,273)
Professional fees		78,000		85,513		(7,513)
Contracted services		94,400		117,845		(23,445)
Utilities		35,000		42,986		(7,986)
Repairs and maintenance		437,800		781,686		(343,886)
Other expenditures		72,700		78,302		(5,602)
Tap connections		1,000		1,250		(250)
Capital outlay		361,186		47,083		314,103
Total expenditures		2,005,334		2,349,654		(344,320)
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(122,834)		(203,947)		(81,113)
Other Financing Sources Capital contribution refund				46,752		46,752
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		(122,834)		(157,195)		(34,361)
		. ,				(,)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,856,622		1,856,622		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,733,788	\$	1,699,427	\$	(34,361)

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Notes to Required Supplementary Information July 31, 2023

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Supplementary Information

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Other Schedules Included Within This Report July 31, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

- [X] Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 12-24
- [X] Schedule of Services and Rates
- [X] Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
- [X] Schedule of Temporary Investments
- [X] Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
- [] Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years Not Applicable
- [] Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Not Applicable
- [X] Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund Five Years
- [X] Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

#### Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended July 31, 2023

#### 1. Services provided by the District:

X Retail Water	Wholesale Water	X Drainage
X Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater	Irrigation
X Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	Security
Solid Waste/Garbage	Flood Control	Roads
Participates in joint venture, regional sys	tem and/or wastewater service (other	than emergency interconnect)
Other		

#### 2. Retail service providers

a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage Levels
Water:	\$ 8.00	8,000	N	\$ 1.00 \$ 6.00	8,001 to 25,000 25,001 to No Limit
Wastewater:	\$ 13.00	50,000	N	\$ 0.25	50,001 to <u>No Limit</u>
Regional water fee:	\$ 4.35	1	N	\$ 4.35	1,001 to No Limit
Does the District employ winte	r averaging for wa	astewater usage?			Yes No X
Total charges per 10,000 gallor	ns usage (including	g fees):	Wa	ter <u>\$ 53.50</u>	Wastewater \$ 13.00

b. Water and wastewater retail connections:

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
Unmetered		-	x1.0	-
$\leq 3/4$ "	246	245	x1.0	245
1"	21	21	x2.5	53
1 1/2"	4	4	x5.0	20
2"	34	34	x8.0	272
3"	1	1	x15.0	15
4"	6	6	x25.0	150
6"	-	-	x50.0	-
8"	-	-	x80.0	-
10"	-	-	x115.0	-
Total water	312	311		755
Total wastewater	299	299	x1.0	299

 3. Total water consumption (in thousands) during the fiscal year:
 208,313

 Gallons pumped into the system:
 208,313

 Gallons billed to customers:
 199,670

 Water accountability ratio (gallons billed/gallons pumped):
 95.85%

\*"ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

### Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended July 31, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$	-
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 19,600 32,681 33,232		85,513
<b>Purchased Services for Resale</b> Bulk water and wastewater service purchases			957,716
Regional Water Fee			237,273
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	14,079 4,266 9,021 - 90,479		117,845
Utilities			42,986
Repairs and Maintenance			781,686
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	9,750 31,188 13,189 19,735		73,862
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	27,432 19,651		47,083
Tap Connection Expenditures			1,250
Solid Waste Disposal			-
Note Payable Principal payment Interest expense	-		-
Parks and Recreation			-
Other Expenditures			4,440
Total expenditures		\$ 2	,349,654

# Schedule of Temporary Investments

July 31, 2023

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	In	ccrued terest ceivable
General Fund					
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 15684	0.25%	11/29/23	\$ 95,000	\$	159
No. 41209	5.24%	02/20/24	245,000		2,321
No. 28338	2.75%	01/16/24	68,019		24
TexPool	5.32%	Demand	 1,384,733		-
Totals			\$ 1,792,752	\$	2,504

### Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended July 31, 2023

	Maintenance Taxes
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$ 12,649
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	(17,734)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	(5,085)
2022 Original Tax Levy	575,474
Additions and corrections	20,208
Adjusted tax levy	595,682
Total to be accounted for	590,597
Tax (collections) refunds: Current year	(585,591)
Prior years	11,872
Receivable, end of year	\$ 16,878
Receivable, by Years	
2022	\$ 10,091
2021	3,137
2020	2,059
2019 2018	1,007 9
2018	221
2016	3
2015	351
Receivable, end of year	\$ 16,878

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended July 31, 2023

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 60,017,715	\$ 60,204,976	\$ 57,257,916	\$ 52,059,819
Improvements	195,786,903	177,903,276	180,306,629	164,677,651
Personal property	12,961,828	11,679,842	11,210,904	12,619,636
Exemptions	(19,233,768)	(17,847,951)	(18,552,839)	(18,160,061)
Total property valuations	\$ 249,532,678	\$ 231,940,143	\$ 230,222,610	\$ 211,197,045
<b>Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation</b> Maintenance tax rates*	\$ 0.238720	\$ 0.254414	\$ 0.266500	\$ 0.255000
Tax Levy	\$ 595,682	\$ 590,077	\$ 613,541	\$ 538,550
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	98%	99%	99%	99%

\*Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$0.75 on January 17, 1981

\*\*Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended July 31,

	Amounts						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
General Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 573,719	\$ 584,916	\$ 609,117	\$ 530,575	\$ 505,692		
City of Houston rebates	229,569	219,360	195,494	188,067	207,251		
Water service	276,017	281,236	261,865	249,245	260,468		
Sewer service	355,054	374,276	359,788	322,876	315,182		
Regional water fee	484,836	446,492	426,264	378,568	384,426		
Bulk water sales	128,762	3,880	6,387	23,490	-		
Penalty and interest	28,576	10,162	3,877	6,384	18,284		
Tap connection and inspection fees	-	825	2,600	2,750	239,225		
Investment income	69,174	6,024	2,269	13,183	25,314		
Total revenues	2,145,707	1,927,171	1,867,661	1,715,138	1,955,842		
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	957,716	645,225	707,548	581,000	636,027		
Regional water fee	237,273	131,318	84,828	81,397	39,500		
Professional fees	85,513	84,328	78,942	87,503	92,449		
Contracted services	117,845	101,177	100,825	98,243	94,165		
Utilities	42,986	35,316	12,439	52,704	23,431		
Repairs and maintenance	781,686	515,026	405,823	449,726	314,617		
Other expenditures	78,302	77,701	62,800	54,743	64,291		
Tap connections	1,250	-	-	-	122,000		
Capital outlay	47,083	23,838	29,110	182,684	1,100,533		
Total expenditures	2,349,654	1,613,929	1,482,315	1,588,000	2,487,013		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(203,947)	313,242	385,346	127,138	(531,171)		
Other Financing Sources							
Capital contribution refund	46,752	46,752	46,752	46,752	46,752		
Proceeds from insurance		6,087					
Total other financing sources	46,752	52,839	46,752	46,752	46,752		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other							
Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	(157,195)	366,081	432,098	173,890	(484,419		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,856,622	1,490,541	1,058,443	884,553	1,368,972		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,699,427	\$ 1,856,622	\$ 1,490,541	\$ 1,058,443	\$ 884,553		
Fotal Active Retail Water Connections	311	311	311	311	309		
Fotal Active Retail Wastewater Connections	299	299	299	299	299		

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
26.7 %	30.3 %	32.6 %	30.9 %	25.9
10.7	11.4	10.5	10.9	10.6
12.9	14.6	14.0	14.5	13.3
16.6	19.4	19.3	18.8	16.1
22.6	23.2	22.8	22.1	19.7
6.0	0.2	0.4	1.4	-
1.3	0.5	0.2	0.4	0.9
-	0.1	0.1	0.2	12.2
3.2	0.3	0.1	0.8	1.3
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
44.6	33.5	37.9	33.9	32.5
11.1	6.8	4.5	4.7	2.0
	4.4	4.2	5.1	4.7
4.0			5.7	4.8
4.0 5.5	5.3	5.4	5.7	
	5.3 1.8	5.4 0.7	3.1	1.2
5.5				1.2 16.1
5.5 2.0	1.8	0.7	3.1	
5.5 2.0 36.4	1.8 26.7	0.7 21.7	3.1 26.2	16.1
5.5 2.0 36.4 3.6	1.8 26.7 4.0	0.7 21.7 3.4	3.1 26.2 3.2	16.1 3.3
5.5 2.0 36.4 3.6 0.1	1.8 26.7 4.0	0.7 21.7 3.4	3.1 26.2 3.2	16.1 3.3 6.3

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended July 31, 2023

Complete District mailing address:	Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 c/o Jackson Walker LLP 1401 McKinney, Suite 1900 Houston, Texas 77010		
District business telephone number:	713.752.4200		
Submission date of the most recent D (TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054)	5	Septe	ember 28, 2021
Limit on fees of office that a director	may receive during a fiscal year:	\$	7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	Fees*	•	ense rsements	Title at Year-end
Buddy Myers	Elected 11/20- 11/24	\$ 3,750	\$	0	President
Ron Thomas	Elected 11/22- 11/26	1,650		0	Vice President
Travis Rupp	Elected 11/20- 11/24	1,350		0	Assistant Secretary
Nilesh Shringarpure	Elected 11/22- 11/26	1,500		0	Assistant Secretary
Jim Cooper	Appointed 04/21- 07/23	1,500		0	Resigned

\*Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 179 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended July 31, 2023

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title
Eby Engineers, Inc.	12/04/08	\$ 52,883	Engineer
FORVIS, LLP	05/27/86	19,600	Auditor
H <sub>2</sub> 0 Consulting, Inc.	07/01/98	691,904	Operator
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	4,266	Appraiser
Jackson Walker, LLP	06/27/23	3,750	General Counsel
Municipal Business Services, Inc.	07/31/83	14,079	Bookkeeper
Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP	03/11/16	26,643	Former General Counsel
Wheeler & Associates, Inc.	01/01/84	18,852	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Investment Officer	_		
Robert L. Ideus	12/12/99	N/A	Bookkeeper